

Granitic Blank Reference Material: Product Information Sheet

PBS-33

Analyte	Ave. Value	Analyte	Ave. Value
Fe2O3	2.849	BaO	0.098
SiO2	72.144	CI	0.017
Al2O3	13.604	SrO	0.020
TiO2	0.250	ZrO2	0.013
MnO	0.057	Sb2O3	0.005
P2O5	0.037	SnO2	0.005
SO3	0.042	Cr	0.002
MgO	0.751	Fe	2.004
CaO	2.150	P	0.016
K2O	4.046	S	0.017
Na2O	3.614	Ва	0.088
V2O5	0.006	As	<0.001
Cr2O3	0.003	Cu	0.001
CoO	<0.001	Pb	0.006
NiO	0.003	Zn	0.006
CuO	0.002	Mn	0.045
ZnO	0.007	LOI371	0.136
As2O3	<0.001	LOI650	0.384
PbO	0.007	LOI1000	0.562

Table 1: PBS-33 XRF analysis values (wt%)

Table 2: PBS-33 Mixed Acid Digest / ICP analysis values (ppm)

Analyte	Ave. Value						
Ag	2	Eu	0.75	Na	27,000	Sr	137
AI	72,570	Fe	20,623	Nb	14.8	Та	2.0
As	<50	Ga	18.8	Nd	19.8	Tb	0.65
Ва	905	Gd	4.3	Ni	10	Те	0.7
Be	3	Ge	<5	Р	143	Th	16.9
Bi	<0.1	Hf	14.1	Pb	30	Ti	1,525
Ca	15,236	Но	0.7	Pr	5.3	TI	0.94
Cd	<0.5	In	<0.1	Rb	147.3	Tm	0.38
Ce	44	К	31,075	Re	<0.05	U	10.53
Co	<5	La	24.5	S	150	v	40
Cr	10	Li	30	Sb	5.5	W	1.0
Cs	3	Lu	0.5	Sc	4.33	Y	18.4
Cu	23	Mg	4,561	Se	<5	Yb	2.61
Dy	4	Mn	445	Sm	4.5	Zn	40
Er	2.68	Мо	<1	Sn	3.0	Zr	99

Table 3: PBS-33 Table of 50g Fire Assay / ICP (ppm)

Analyte	Ave. Value	
Au	<0.001	



Introduction

This document specifies preparation, analysis, and documentation of reference material PBS-33.

Origin of Material

The source material is from a Western Australian quarry. It is described as "granite".

Method of preparation

The material was prepared to maximum homogeneity throughout the entire batch via the following methodology:

- Drying at 105°C to constant mass
- Multistage crushing and screening to -6mm
- Homogenisation
- Packaging into 200l drums of about 300kg, or further sample mass reduction via rotary sample division into sealed 1kg bags.

Samples were taken at intervals during the packaging stage to provide material for the analysis process.

Measurement techniques used for certification

A single laboratory was each given 3 x 1kg randomly selected samples for the following analysis:

Lithium borate fusion XRF:

Prepared sample is fused in lithium borate flux with lithium nitrate additive. The resultant glass bead is analysed by XRF. XRF is suitable for the total analysis of a range of geological ores. XRF Suites are tailored to specific ore types, using predefined inter-element and matrix corrections. Loss on Ignition (LOI) is packaged with XRF suites to achieve close to 100% characterisation. Results are reported unnormalised.

Thermal gravimetric analysis (TGA)

Loss on Ignition (LOI) was requested via Thermal gravimetric analysis (TGA) at 371°C, 650°C and 1,000°C.

50g Fire Assay Digest with ICP finish

Prepared sample is fused in a flux to digest. The melt is cooled to collect the precious metals in a lead button. The lead is removed by cupellation and the precious metal bead is digested in aqua regia. The digest solution is analysed by ICP. Fire assay fluxes are designed to optimise gold recovery for each particular sample type. Fire assay is regarded as the preferred method for quantitative gold analysis.

Mixed Acid Digest with ICP finish

Prepared sample is digested with a mixture of acids and boiled to dryness. Residue is leached and the resultant solution is analysed by ICP. This method is a near total digestion, most mineral species will be decomposed under these conditions. For highly resistant mineral matrices a fusion digest is recommended to ensure complete dissolution.



Method of Statistical Analysis

Values are simple mean values calculated from the analyte results. No outlier detection or classification has been undertaken. No uncertainty is quoted for uncertified Reference Material.

Preparer and supplier of reference material

The iron ore reference material PBS-33 has been prepared and certified, and is certified by:

Pilbara Standards Pty Ltd Unit 6, 190 Star St, Carlisle, WA 6101 Australia

www.pilbarastandards.com.au

The material is supplied in 1kg sealed plastic bags, and 200l drums of about 300kg.

Intended use

PBS-33 is intended for the monitoring of laboratory sample preparation performance in the chemical analysis of geological samples. In particular it is intended to test for cross contamination between samples.

Stability and storage instructions

PBS-33 is a fresh reference material and is stable in the sealed plastic bags under normal conditions of storage.

Instructions for the correct use of the reference material

The recommended values for PBS-33 refer to the concentration levels after removal of hygroscopic moisture by drying in air to constant mass at 105°C. If the reference material is not dried prior to analysis, the recommended value should be corrected to the moisture bearing basis.

Legal notice

Pilbara Standards Pty Ltd has prepared and statistically evaluated the property values of this reference material to the best of ability. The purchaser by receipt hereof releases and indemnifies Pilbara Standards Pty Ltd from and against all liability and costs from the use of this material and information.

Certifying officer

Bruce Armstrong, Managing Director, Pilbara Standards Pty Ltd

Certification date

18th July 2019

References

ISO Guide 35 (2006), Reference materials – General and statistical principles for certification.



Version History

Batch	Author	Document Version	Date	Modifications
PBS-33	Harry Ooi	R1	8 th August 2023	Updated
				certificate batch
				numbering format
				from PBS 33 to
				PBS-33.